This species is confessedly an important addition to the Insect Fauna of the United States, particularly as but another species is known or described, viz., Quadricornis, Kirby. The species is very rare.

OMALIIDÆ, Leach, Er.

OLOPRUM, Erichson.

O. emarginatum, Er.—rotundicolle, Say. In our presumed specimens of this species, the thorax at base is almost truncate, the apex but slightly emarginate, the lateral margins but slightly piceous, the apex of the elytra, and the posterior margins of the abdominal segments not piceous; apex of abdomen testaceous, and feet rufous, corresponding in every other respect with Say's description of O. rotundicolle. Not rare, occurs every spring on the blossoms of Red Maple.

ANTROBIUM, Leach.

A. dimidiatum. Testaceous; abdomen black.—1\frac{1}{3} l. long. Pennsylvania. Silpha testacea, Melsh, Catal. 344.

Head each side between the eyes, with a short, obsolete, longitudinal impressed line; minutely and faintly punctured, testaceous with the base dusky: antennæ incrassated towards the tip, a little longer than the thorax, testaceous, slightly pubescent; palpi testaceous: thorax some narrower than the elytra, transverse; sides rounded, with the base and apex truncate; anterior angles rounded, posterior ones almost square; an obsolete, impressed dorsal line, rather most distinct before the posterior margin; minutely and sparsely punctured, and finely wrinkled, testaceous, longitudinally dusky in the middle: scutel testaceous: elytra twice as long as the thorax, densely and strongly punctured, testaceous: abdomen black, or black brown, slightly piceous, glabrous, acuminate at apex: pectus and feet testaceous; tarsi dilated.

Descriptions of New North American Coleoptera. By Rev. D. Ziegler, of York, Pa.*

OXYPRUS, Fabr.

O. pulcher. Reddish-brown; elytra, each with a broad oblique whitish band, commencing at the humeral angle and terminating on the posterior margin near the suture. Length nearly 4 lines.

Body reddish-brown, polished. Head large, with numerous dilated punctures on the occiput, punctures sometimes confluent; three slight indentations nearly on a line between the eyes; a somewhat prominent, polished, suborbicular elevation on the exterior region above the eyes, which is included by a distinct semicircular impression proceeding from the inferior portion of the neck and running nearly parallel with the posterior margin towards the vertex, then curving regularly downward and outward till it reaches the eye, where it becomes obsolete. Mouth pale honey-yellow. Mandibles very robust, as long or longer than the head; rather much arcuated; dark reddish-brown, their

^{*} Communicated by the Entomological Society of Pennsylvania.

bases on the inner side yellowish. Antennæ and palpi, dark reddish-brown. Thorax with an abbreviated impressed dorsal line, and a double punctiform impression each side behind the middle; a regular series of distant punctures near the anterior margin. Elytra, each with a broad oblique whitish band proceeding from the humerus and terminating on the posterior margin near the suture; region of the scutel, suture, and lateral margins from near the humerus to the tip, dark reddish-brown, the brown colour extending inwards on the posterior angle half way to the suture; an indented subsutural line, obsoletely punctured; two abbreviated deeply punctured striæ on the middle, of which the anterior one is obsolete. Tergum dark-brown, with a piceous tinge towards the tip. Feet and beneath dull yellowish.—Western Pennsylvania.

DIACANTHUS, Latr., Germ.

D. splendens. Brownish-cupreous, polished; epipleura and feet rufous. Length $5\frac{1}{2}$ lines.

Body dark-brownish, with a cupreous tinge, highly polished. Head coarsely and confluently punctured, with a frontal impression. Antennæ hairy, slightly serrated, not attaining the base of the thorax; second joint very short, little more than one-third the length of the third which is a little longer than the fourth joint. Thorax subquadrate, hardly longer than broad; dorsal line obvious; obsoletely indented each side behind the middle; posterior angles rather prominent, tinged with rufous, a little excurved; punctures large, profound, smaller on the disk. Scutel suborbicular. Elytra broadest behind the middle, abruptly narrowed towards the tip; interstitial spaces slightly convex, numerously and minutely punctured. Epipleura rufous. Feet rufous. Western Pennsylvania.

SCYRTES, Latr.

S. suturalis. Black; suture of the elytra in the middle fulvous; lateral thoracic margins white; $1\frac{1}{3}$ lines long: $\frac{2}{3}$ line wide.

Black, slightly and finely downy. Thorax with the lateral margins and area of posterior angles whitish. Elytra finely and densely wrinkled, with a short, common, linear fulvous spot on the middle. Beneath black. Labrum piceous. Antenna, knees, tibia and tarsi, testaceous. Femurs blackish. Pennsylvania.

HYDNOCERA, Newm.

H.? longicollis. Black; thorax elongated; elytra with a yellowish subsutural vitta on the basal half. Length $2\frac{1}{2}$ lines: breadth about $\frac{1}{2}$ line.

Body deep black, shining, elongated-linear, with numerous erect, cinerous hairs. Head not indented between the eyes. Mouth beneath, palpi, antennæ, and labrum yellow. Thorax narrow, elongated, and but slightly dilated a little beyond the middle. Elytra abbreviated, covering about two-thirds the length of the abdomen; densely and confluently punctured; a pale yellowish subsutural vitta, commencing at the base and terminating a little before the middle. Feet yellow. Beneath black. Pennsylvania.

Spercheus, Fabr.

S. tessellatus. Reddish-brown; head and thorax deeply punctured, the

latter slightly indented each side near the base; elytra with punctured striæ, sprinkled with black. Length 33 lines: breadth 23 lines.

Body reddish-brown. Head obscurely brown, flat, deeply punctured. Labrum short, obtusely emarginate. Thorax piceous, the sides pale; punctured; an indentation each side, near the basal margin, and a slight impression on the middle, near the base. Scutel black, forming an oblong triangle, with a few scattered profound punctures. Elytra reddish-brown, sprinkled with irregular black spots; region of the scutel immaculate; punctate-striate; alternate interstitial lines slightly elevated behind. Antennæ, palpi, and feet, dark-brown. Pennsylvania.

HYDROPHILUS, Fabr.

H. ovalis. Black, oblong-oval; antennæ and palpi piceous. Length 15 lines.

Body black, with a greenish tinge, oblong-oval. Head with irregular impressed punctures each side, on the front and before the eyes; orbits punctured. Clypeus deeply emarginate. Antennæ and palpi piccous. Thorax with impressed punctures near the anterior angles; a series of punctures each side, and a few each side before the middle, near the anterior margin. Elytra with four series of punctures, of which the third is abbreviated anteriorly, and the fourth double; lateral margins finely and closely punctured. Pectus bifid. Postpectus with minute yellowish hairs. Sternum canaliculate before; posterior half with a slightly impressed line. Beneath black; venter with an obsolete rufous spot on each segment. Pennsylvania.

This species somewhat resembles the H. triangularis of Say, but may be readily distinguished from that insect by the more oval form of its body.

COPROBIUS, Latr.

C. obtusidens. Black; clypeus not profoundly emarginate at tip; teeth of the tibiæ short, obtusely rounded. Length 9 lines: breadth 6 lines.

Body deep black. Clypeus not profoundly emarginate at tip, tip but slightly reflected; lateral edge, from the tip to beyond the middle, subrectilinear. Antennæ and palpi reddish-piceous, club of the former dull rufous. Elytra striated; striæ impunctured; interstitial spaces with numerous small, elevated points. Teeth of the anterior tibiæ proportionally short, obtusely rounded; the posterior tooth rather small, and widely separated from the others. Pennsylvania.

A very rare insect. It is larger than the C. volvens, F., and differs from it in colour, being of a deeper black, and in the denticulation of the anterior tibiæ, the terminal tooth being more remote from the two anterior ones, leaving a wider space which is occupied by four small roundish tubercles instead of two, as is the case in that species. It is also distinguished from the volvens in having the clypeus less rounded, less deeply emarginated, and much less acutely angulated at each end of the emargination.

Pandarus, Meg.

P.? brunneus. Reddish-brown, hairy; eyes black; antennæ and feet dull rufous. Length rather more than 2 lines.

Body eval, a little oblong, somewhat depressed; dark reddish-brown; covered

with erect, rather long, yellowish hairs. Head irregularly punctured, transversely indented on the front; a somewhat rounded, rufous elevation each side before the eyes and over the insertion of the antennæ. Antennæ rufous; second and third joints very short. Clypeus rufous. Latrum and palpi rufous, the former transversal. Eyes black, prominent, rather large. Thorax transverse, abruptly narrowed each side near the posterior angles; lateral margins arcuated, a little reflected; posterior angles terminating in a short acute tooth; numerously and coarsely punctured. Scutel triangular, rather large, impunctured. Elytra, punctures rather large, irregular, and sometimes confluent. Feet dull rufous. Pennsylvania.

CISTELA, Fabr.

1. C. marginata. Blackish-brown; thorax pale-sanguineous, with a blackish spot on the disk; lateral margin and suture of the elytra yellowish-red. Length 6 lines.

Body blackish-brown. Head blackish, densely and minutely punctured; a transverse indentation between the antennæ. Maxillary palpi piceous. Antennæ dark-brown, tip of the terminal joint yellowish-red. Thorax pale-sanguineous, with a blackish spot on the disk; yellowish-scriceous; posterior angles nearly rectangular; an obsolete longitudinal dorsal impression, which is more apparent on the middle. Scutel dusky at base, tip paler. Elytra with minute yellowish hairs; striated; striæ finely punctured; interstitial lines rather flat; lateral margins and suture, yellowish-red. Feet and beneath dark-brown. Pennsylvania.

2. C. erythroptera. Black; antennæ, palpi, feet and elytra, testaceous.

Length 4 lines.

Cistela erythroptera, Melsh. Catal.

Head blackish, with a dilated transverse impression between the antennæ. Labrum piceous. Thorax black, with an obsolete impressed dorsal line; a transverse dilated impression on the middle near the basal margin, and an indentation each side near the lateral margin; posterior angles subacute. Elytra pale-testaceous, somewhat sericeous; striated; striæ finely punctured; interstitial times convex. Beneath shining black. Pennsylvania.

Pedilus, Fisher.

1. P. nigricans. Bluish-black; two first joints of the antennæ, labrum, and base of the palpi, pale-yellowish. Length 3 lines.

Body bluish-black, polished, with yellowish-cinereous hairs. Head black, shining; front with an oblique, dilated impression each side between the eyes. Antennæ, two first or basal joints, pale-yellowish. Palpi, at base, pale-yellowish, terminal joint fuscous. Labrum and mouth beneath, dull yellowish. Thorax blue-black, polished; an abbreviated, impressed dorsal line; a dilated impression near the basal margin before the scutel; basal margin pale piceous. Elytra bluish-black; rugosely punctured; punctures transversely confluent on the middle. Feet and beneath bluish-black; tarsi paler. Pennsylvania.

2. P. hemorrhoidalis. Elytra blue, with yellow tips; thorax, tip of the abdomen, and feet, yellow.

Pedilus hæmorrhoidalis? Dejean's Catal. Length 3 lines.

Head black, polished. Antennæ reddish-brown, two basal joints yellowish. Labrum, palpi, and mouth beneath, yellow. Thorax yellow, with a few

scattered yellowish-cinereous hairs. Elytra blue, somewhat rugose, with obvious dilated punctures furnishing minute hairs; each with a polished, yellowish, slightly elevated spot at tip. Beneath blue. Tip of the abdomen and feet yellow. Pennsylvania.

3. P. ruficollis. Blackish-blue; thorax, antennæ and feet, rufous. Length rather more than 3 lines.

Body blackish-blue, with short, yellowish-cinereous hairs. Head deep black, polished. Thorax pale rufous, polished. Elytra blackish-blue; rugosely punctured, punctures transversely confluent on the middle. Feet pale rufous. Beneath blackish-blue. Pennsylvania.

4. P. marginicollis. Blackish; thorax yellow, with a black spot on the middle.

Pedilus marginicollis. Dr. Melsheimer in lit. Length nearly 3 lines.

Body blackish, with pale yellowish hairs. Head deep black, shining, with a transverse indentation between the eyes. Antennæ, two first or basal joints, yellow. Palpi dull yellowish, terminal joint fuscous. Mouth beneath yellowish. Clypeus at tip, and labrum, pale piceous. Thorax honey-yellow, polished, with a blackish spot on the disk. Elytra bluish-black; rugose; densely punctured, punctures transversely confluent. Feet fuscous; tip of the tibiæ, and tarsi, pale yellowish. Beneath deep black.

Var. a. Thorax entirely destitute of the thoracic spot. Pennsylvania.

Monohammus, Meg.

M. tomentosus. Brown; the entire surface of the body, antennæ, feet, and greater part of the elytra, whitish tomentose, the latter spotted or interrupted with brown. Length Q 14 lines.

Body brown, densely covered with fine whitish prostrate hairs. Head with a longitudinal impressed line between the antennæ; edge around the antennæ, much elevated, somewhat spinose on the inner side. Mouth beneath, and clypeus, honey-yellow, the latter brownish at tip. Mandibles black. Thorax with a rather long, obtuse, somewhat elevated spine each side behind the middle. Scutel yellow. Elytra whitish tomentose, spotted or interrupted with brown; behind the middle, a large, irregular, transverse, brown spot nearly reaching the suture. Pennsylvania.

ŒDIONYCHIS, Latr.

CE.? hispida. Blackish, hairy; antennæ, basal portion pale rufous, tip dark brown or blackish; feet yellowish, varied with piceous. Length 2 lines.

Body blackish, invested with numerous, rather long, erect, blackish and yellowish-cinerous hairs. Head obviously punctured, with an abbreviated longitudinal impression on the front. Antennæ, six first or basal joints pale rufous, tip dark-brown or blackish. Thorax oblong, narrow, rather broadest behind, somewhat rounded; lateral margins decurved, rectilinear; anterior portion not wider than the head; inequal; coarsely and confluently punctured, punctures larger and more obvious near the basal margin. Scutel forming an oblong triangle, yellowish-sericeous. Elytra with regular series of large, rather distant, profound punctures. Femora, posterior pair, above blackish-piceous, below rufous; anterior and intermediate pairs piceous, the base and apex paler; tibiæ and tarsi reddish-yellow, varied with piceous. Pennsylvania.